

Export Licensing Clearances

Madhya Pradesh

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Common Clearances Applicable for Export Licensing

Sr. No	Clearances Name	Issuing Authority	Link to Governing Legislation	Governing Act/Rules	Timeline	Link to Apply
01	Importer Exporter Code (IEC)	Directorate General of foreign Trade (DGFT)	The Foreign Trade Policy, 2023	The Foreign Trade Policy, 2023	1-2 Working Days	Apply for IEC
02	Registration cum Membership Certificate (RCMC)	Export promotion councils and commodity boards	The Foreign Trade Policy, 2023	The Foreign Trade Policy, 2023		Apply for RCMC
03	Certificate of Origin (CoO)	Export Inspection Council (EIC)	<u>Chapter 4 of Foreign Trade</u> Policy, 2023	The Foreign Trade Policy, 2023		https://coo.dgft.gov.in
04	Authorized Dealer Code*	Authorized Concerned Bank	-	-	 <u>1-2 working days to get an IEC</u> <u>3-4 working days to get a login ID</u> and password on ICEGATE portal <u>Around 5-7 working days to get an</u> <u>AD Code Registered at the ports</u> 	https://icegate.gov.in/
05	Inspection Certificate	National Productivity Council (NPC) under Department of Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade	<u>Food Safety and Standards</u> (Food Safety Auditing) <u>Regulations, 2018</u>	Food Safety and Standards (Food Safety Auditing) Regulations, 2018		https://www.npcindia. gov.in/NPC/User/Insp ectionDivision
06	Export Authorization for SCOMET	Directorate General of foreign Trade (DGFT)	<u>The Foreign Trade Policy,</u> 2023	The Foreign Trade Policy, 2023		Apply for SCOMET

Details of Required Export Clearances

1. Certificate of Origin (CoO):

- Certificate of Origin is an instrument which establishes evidence on origin of goods imported into any country. These certificates are essential for exporters to prove where their goods come from and therefore stake their claim to whatever benefits goods of Indian origin may be eligible for in the country of exports.
- As of 2023, Certificates of Origin (CoO) for Preferential Trade Agreements, FTA, Comprehensive Economic Cooperation Agreements, and Comprehensive Economic Partnerships Agreements are issued <u>designated agencies</u>
- Non-Preferential Certificate:
 - An exporter is also required to register with the Indian Chamber of Commerce (ICC), which issues the Non-Preferential Certificates of Origin certifying that the exported goods are originated in India.
 - Government have also nominated certain agencies to issue Non-Preferential Certificate of Origin in accordance with Article II of International Convention Relating to simplification of Customs formalities,1923. These Certificate of Origins evidence origin of goods and do not bestow any right to preferential tariffs.

2. Inspection Certificate:

• This document certifies that the concerned products/goods were in good condition immediately prior to the shipment. The Certificate of Inspection is a report of findings and is required by some importers or importing countries.

3. Pre-Shipment Inspection certificate:

 A pre shipment inspection certificate is a trade document issued by an independent inspection agency and is always stated in the sales contract or letter c credit.

Details of Required Export Clearances

4. Special Chemicals, Organism, Materials, Equipment and Technologies (SCOMET):

SCOMET Category	SCOMET Items	Licensing Authorities
1	Toxic chemical agents and other chemicals	Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT)
2	Micro-organisms, Toxins	DGFT
3	Materials, Materials Processing Equipment and related Technologies	DGFT
4	Nuclear-related other equipment and technology not controlled under Category '0"	DGFT
5	Aerospace systems, equipment, including production and test equipment, and related technology and specially designed components and accessories thereof	DGFT
6	Reserved	DGFT
7	Special Materials and related Equipment, Material Processing, Electronics, Computers, Telecommunications, Information Security, Sensors And Lasers, Navigation And Avionics, Marine, Aerospace and Propulsion.	DGFT